



**St.Edmund's and St Thomas' Catholic Primary School**

**ICT Long Term Curriculum and Progression Map**

**Subject Leader: Jennifer Metcalfe**



There are four significant elements to our new long-term curriculum map for our school.

- 1) **Computer Science (CS)**; Computational Thinking, Coding, Logical Reasoning, Networking and Online
- 2) **Information Technology (IT)**; Harnessing Technology and Online
- 3) **Digital Literacy (DL)**; Technology in the Real World, Media Content and Online Safety
- 4) **'Theme Links'**; how our school connects the Computing Curriculum objectives to our whole school 'thematic approach' to learning. These are attached as a separate document and show what cross-curricular ICT links are made across all six themes from Nursery up to Year 6.

To cover the objectives in the first three areas of our Computing Curriculum, the children have a stand-alone lesson (completed over time) that allows them to learn the new skills for that year group in relation to the learning objectives covered in the task. These activities are used to help assess the progress made throughout the year by children.

The 'Theme Links' element provides children with an opportunity to apply their knowledge and skills to other areas of the curriculum, in each of the six whole school Curriculum themes which are ; **We Are Family, Journeys, Planet Earth, Objects/ People that Changed the World, Can you help me? Wildlife Connections.** This enables children to gain a more secure understanding of all Computing areas.

\*Year Groups may re-visit activities related to the prior year group (shown below) if there has been missed learning due to the Pandemic.

## (CS) Computational Thinking:

### National Curriculum:

**Key Stage 1:** Understand what algorithms are; how they are implemented as programs on digital devices; and that programs execute by following precise and unambiguous instructions.

**Key Stage 2:** Design, write and debug programs that accomplish specific goals, including controlling or simulating physical systems; solve problems by decomposing them into smaller parts.

Nursery Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
<p>The children learn: that an algorithm is a list of instructions that solves a problem. to sequence a series of events and explain the importance of sequencing.</p> <p>Activity; R2 Robots R6 Nursery Rhyme Coding</p>	<p>The children learn: to explore algorithms and sequencing of instructions. to read, follow and create a simple sequence algorithm. to give these instructions so that they can be executed by a robot with the aim of successfully reaching a destination.</p> <p>Activity; Y1.6 My Friend the Robot</p>	<p>The children learn: about writing algorithms that can be turned into programs. to implement their algorithm as a program on a digital device or programmable toy/robot.</p> <p>Activity; Y2.2 Code a Story</p>	<p>The children learn: to create a detailed flow diagram using the correct symbols. to turn an algorithm into a simple program on a digital device. about testing the program and recognising when it needs to be debugged.</p> <p>Activity; Y3.6 Dancing Robot</p>	<p>The children learn: to design a simple algorithm to show a real- life situation. about the valuable skills of abstraction and decomposition when tackling more complex problems.</p> <p>Activity; Y4.2 Hour of Code</p>	<p>The children learn: to explore problem solving and decomposition. to independently plan, write and test their algorithms and create more complex programs, debugging as needed. about controlling / simulating physical systems and using sensors with multiple outcomes.</p> <p>Activity; Y5.2 Girls v Boys; STEAM Challenges</p>	<p>The children learn: to create complex algorithms and turn their designs into a program (incorporating variables, procedures and different forms of input and output).</p> <p>Activity; Chicken Run-Crossy Roads</p>

**(CS) Coding:**

National Curriculum

**Key Stage 1:** Create and debug simple programs.

**Key Stage 2:** Use sequence, selection, and repetition in programs; work with variables and various forms of input and output.

Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
<p>The children learn: to experiment controlling a range of 'toys' using remote controls and do this with purpose and direction.</p>	<p>The children learn: to create a simple program and correct mistakes (debug).  <b>Activity: Y1.6 My Friend the Robot</b></p>	<p>The children learn: to independently identify and fix a 'bug' in multiple programs.  to create a simple program that includes a repeat x times loop.  the difference between inputs and outputs.  <b>Activity; Y2.6 Making Games Scratch</b></p>	<p>The children learn: to create their own sprite in Scratch/ Scratch Jr.  about sequencing commands and adding a repeat command in a program.  how to refine/ improve a program by using the repeat command.  how to create a variable.  to create a program that contains selection, inputs and outputs.  <b>Revisit Y2.2 Code a Story</b>  <b>Scratch Jnr</b></p>	<p>The children learn: about the structure of a program and learn to plan in logical, achievable steps.  to write a complex program, incorporating features such as selection, inputs, repetition, variables and procedures.  attempt to debug their own programs and corrects/ debugs errors in code.  <b>Activity; Y4.2 Hour of Code continued...</b></p>	<p>The children learn: to create their own complex game within Scratch or other block based coding app that uses variables, event handling, selection ("If" and "Then"), procedures and repetition (loops) to increase programming possibilities.  <b>Y5.3 Making AR Games</b></p>	<p>The children learn: about complex programs and are encouraged to persevere when solving difficult problems even if the solution is not obvious.  about executing and adapting common commands using a text-based language e.g. Python/Javascript/ SwiftPlayground.  <b>Activity Y6.6 Coding Playground</b></p>

**(CS) Logical Reasoning:**

National Curriculum

**Key Stage 1:** Use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs.

**Key Stage 2:** Use logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms work and to detect and correct errors in algorithms and programs.

Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
<p>The children learn: through play about action/reaction and will be asked “what do you think will happen?” when using technology or attempting to solve a problem.</p>	<p>The children learn: about making predictions when using technology. E.g. They will be asked to predict what will happen for a short sequence of instructions in a program.</p> <p>Activity: Y1.2 What is a computer?</p>	<p>The children learn: to offer accurate predictions of programs and then create their own simple program to check if they were correct.</p> <p>Activity Y2.5 Making Games Scratch coding</p>	<p>The children learn: about using logical reasoning to detect potential problems in an algorithm or program which could result in something going wrong and then offer ideas of what is needed to fix/ debug it.</p> <p>Activity; Y3.2 Dancing Robot</p>	<p>The children learn: to recognise an error in an existing program and attempt to debug/ fix the program.</p> <p>to investigate existing programs, evaluating them and consider how they could be improved.</p> <p>Scratch Coding</p>	<p>The children learn: to explore logical reasoning in greater depth and learn to give wellthought-through explanations of any errors they identify in program code (using the correct terminology).</p>	<p>The children learn: to independently use logical reasoning to detect and correct errors in an algorithm and program.</p> <p>that there is often more than one way to solve a problem in an algorithm or program.</p> <p>Act Y6.2 and Y6.6 continued...</p>

<p><b>(CS) Networking:</b>  <b>Key Stage 1:</b> N/A  <b>Key Stage 2:</b> Understand computer networks including the internet; how they can provide multiple services, such as the World Wide Web.</p>						
Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6

<p>The children learn: how to access the web on a classroom device.</p>	<p>The children learn: about signing into a device or online platform.</p>	<p>The children learn: multiple services use the internet e.g. email, web and streaming.</p>	<p>The children learn: the World Wide Web is only one part of the Internet, the part that contains websites.  to send an email and understands how this works.  how information travels through computer networks.</p>	<p>The children learn: about the key services that can be used to communicate on the internet.  to recognise the main components (hardware) which allow computers to join and form a network.</p>	<p>The children learn: about software, hardware and types of connected computers.  about how data travels via the internet including binary.  more about the different parts of the Internet and services.  to create a basic web page using HTML.  Activity Y5.6 Web Designer</p>	<p>The children learn: in more detail about how information/data is transported on the Internet and between computers using packets and IP addresses.  about the opportunities computer networks and the internet offer for communication and collaboration.  Missed learning; Activity Y5.6 Web Designer</p>
---	--	--	--	---	--	---

**(CS) Online:**  
  
National Curriculum  
**Key Stage 1:** N/A  
**Key Stage 2:** Appreciate how [search] results are selected and ranked.

Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
-----------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------

The children learn: to type keywords in a search engine (Google).	The children learn: how they can use a search engine to find answers and different types of media e.g. videos.	The children learn: the basic skills of searching and navigating the results in a search engine.	The children learn: about key words. that search engines try to put the most useful websites at the top.	The children learn: that search engines use algorithms to sort websites.	The children learn: key skills for using a search engine. about the settings that can alter your search results.	The children learn: to explore advanced features within search engines and learn to use them effectively. how search results are selected and ranked by algorithms.
--	---	---	--	---	--	---

**(IT) Harnessing Technology:**

National Curriculum

**Key Stage 1:** Use technology purposefully to create, organise, store, manipulate and retrieve digital content. \*

**Key Stage 2:** Select, use and combine a variety of software (including internet services) on a range of digital devices to design and create a range of programs, systems and content that accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing, evaluating and presenting data and information. \*

\* In addition see the "I know how to" big digital skills statements which provide a simple progression of digital skills from reception to year 6. The document links to the Knowsley CLCs computing scheme of work.

<b>Reception</b>	<b>Year 1</b>	<b>Year 2</b>	<b>Year 3</b>	<b>Year 4</b>	<b>Year 5</b>	<b>Year 6</b>
------------------	---------------	---------------	---------------	---------------	---------------	---------------

<p>The children learn:</p> <p>how various devices and apps can be used in the classroom.</p> <p>to independently choose an application for a particular purpose. E.g drawing a picture.</p> <p>Activity: R3 Animal Safari</p>	<p>The children learn:</p> <p>to create different types of digital content (short video, ebook or presentation).</p> <p>to combine text and images in a document that showcases learning or tells a story.</p> <p>to use technology to collect, sort and display information that could include data, photos, video or sound.</p> <p>about saving work in a special place and retrieve it again.</p> <p>Activity: Y1:3 Mini-Beasts</p> <p>Activity: Y1.4 Animate with Shapes</p>	<p>The children learn:</p> <p>to create a presentation or basic digital book that is well designed, contains formatted text, images and presents information.</p> <p>to read a simple database to find information.</p> <p>about organising the data they collect.</p> <p>they can create digital content using more than one app or piece of software.</p> <p>to independently save and open files on the device they use.</p> <p>Activity; Y2.3 Story Land</p> <p>Activity; Y2.7 Presentation and Typing</p> <p>Activity; Y2.8 Maths Madness</p>	<p>The children learn:</p> <p>to create digital content using a range of mixed tools/media and how to improve its design.</p> <p>to be creative and independent while using unfamiliar apps or technology to create content.</p> <p>to create a plan/ storyboard when producing digital content.</p> <p>to design a simple questionnaire to collect information, and display the information in a graph or table.</p> <p>to add information to a database.</p> <p>Y3.7 Digitally Awesome</p> <p>Y3.4 Keyboard Adventures</p>	<p>The children learn:</p> <p>to produce documents, media and presentations with increasing independence and competency that present data/ information.</p> <p>to use a keyboard confidently and make use of tools such as a spellchecker.</p> <p>about new forms of technology E.g. AR, Virtual Reality, Wearable Technology etc.</p> <p>To revisit missed skills complete Year 3 activities;</p> <p>Y3.7 Digitally Awesome</p> <p>Y3.4 Keyboard Adventures</p> <p>New learning activity; Y4.3 Dinosaurs</p>	<p>The children learn:</p> <p>to produce digital content in a given format e.g. podcasts, videos, AR, virtual reality, 3D, digital music or illustrations.</p> <p>about planning including elements that they may need to source from other services.</p> <p>to build on the skills they have already developed to create content using unfamiliar technology.</p> <p>to use a spreadsheet / database to collect, record data and to use simple formulae.</p> <p>Activity; Y5.4 Video Game Music Composer</p> <p>Activity Y5.8 Podcaster</p>	<p>The children learn:</p> <p>to create digital storyboards with a complete narrative of the project or investigation.</p> <p>to confidently identify the potential of unfamiliar technology to increase their creativity.</p> <p>to source, store and combine copyright free images from the internet.</p> <p>to independently select, use and combine the appropriate technology/app tools to create effects that will have an impact on others and tell a story.</p> <p>Activity; Y6.3 VR Worlds</p> <p>Activity; Y6.8 Quiz Show Host</p>
---	--	--	--	---	--	--

**(IT) Online:**

National Curriculum

**Key Stage 1:** N/A

**Key Stage 2:** Use search technologies effectively.

Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
<p>The children learn: to type keywords in a search engine (Google).</p>	<p>The children learn: how they can use a search engine to find answers and different types of media category e.g. images, book, videos.</p>	<p>The children learn: the basic skills of searching and navigating the results in a search engine to answer questions.</p>	<p>The children learn: that the top search results can be manipulated and are based on things like most popular, recently updated.  about filtering results by adding more detail or using advanced tools.  to use search engines to collect information.</p>	<p>The children learn: to search for and use information from a range of sources.  about making notes from information found on websites to present their findings.  that not all sources of information including websites are accurate and can check information using a different sites.</p>	<p>The children learn: to use complex searches and advanced tools to find, select and use information.  check the reliability of information on the internet.</p>	<p>The children learn: to use complex searches, filters and advanced tools to find, select and use information</p>



**(DL) Technology in the Real World:**

**Key Stage 1:** Recognise common uses of information technology beyond school.

**Key Stage 2:** Understand the opportunities [networks] offer for communication and collaboration.

Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
<p>The children learn: to recognise and discuss common uses of information technology in school and outside of school.</p>	<p>The children learn: about the uses and purpose of technology in the classroom, at home, work and the world around them.  about some of the common ways in which technology at home can be used.</p>	<p>The children learn: about the numerous methods of online communication and how it is used in the world around them.  to explore their own use of the internet and why it is important to stick to the rules.</p>	<p>The children learn: that the internet is a computer network.  that the internet can provide multiple services, such as the world wide web, streaming music/ video and email.  explore a web sites journey from first request to appearing on the screen.  to learn advanced web terminology e.g. URL.</p>	<p>The children learn: to differentiate between apps that use the Internet, the school network or that are self contained on a device.  to use computing to communicate and collaborate.  about documents and methods of collaboration over the internet e.g. blog.</p> <p>Activity; Y4.7 Endangered Animals</p> <p>Activity; Y4.8 Wizard School</p>	<p>The children learn: about different online communication tools/apps and how they could be used for different purposes e.g. work and social.  about working in a group using collaborative tools.</p>	<p>The children learn: about digital crimes and threats that might exist online. E.g. worms, trojans, viruses, spyware, ransomware and malware.  about anti-virus software and how they can help protect devices from infection.  advanced web terminology e.g. firewall, security updates, pop up blocker, scams, phishing, HTTPs, location based settings, in app purchasing, trolling, filtering etc.</p>

**(DL) Media & Content:**

**Key Stage 1: N/A**

**Key Stage 2: Be discerning in evaluating digital content.**

Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
<p>The children learn: that there are many different types of media content including; sound, images, books, podcasts/ audiobooks and video via the web.</p> <p>Activity: R1 Technology and Me</p> <p>Activity: R8 Beats and Rhythms</p>	<p>The children learn: to access different types of media content on their device. Including; sound, images, books, podcasts/ audiobooks and video via the web.</p>	<p>The children learn: where different types of media content can be found online. Including; sound, images, books, podcasts/ audiobooks and video via the web.</p>	<p>The children learn: how to make judgements about the usefulness and accuracy of information. about the term 'fake news'. about what copyright is and why we have copyright laws. to recognise copyright material.</p>	<p>The children learn: more about what Fake News is, it's purpose and that Fake News can be found on all media. how to identify Fake News. that data can be manipulated to make Fake News appear to be true.</p>	<p>The children learn: about how and why information found on some sites will be biased. how to source copyright free materials to use in their digital projects. how to credit the use of websites in their work and why this should be done.</p>	<p>The children learn: to explore in more depth the legal and moral reasons not to plagiarise or infringe copyright and the impact it can have on the creator of the content.</p>

**(DL) Online Safety:**

**Key Stage 1:** Use technology safely and respectfully, keeping personal information private; identify where to go for help and support when they have concerns about content or contact on the internet or other online technologies. \*

**Key Stage 2:** Use technology safely, respectfully and responsibly; recognise acceptable/unacceptable behaviour; identify a range of ways to report concerns about content and contact. \*

\* Each year group has a 'My Online Life' topic which aims to ensure your school meets the requirements of the UKCIS Education for Connected World Framework.

Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
<p>The children learn: the Internet can be used to communicate with others. simple online safety rules. people create online content such as video and websites.</p> <p><b>Activity: R5 My Online Life</b></p>	<p>The children learn: how to access and search the web. to identify people they can trust and who they can ask for help when using the internet. to send a digital message. how they should behave and interact with others in the online world. why it is very important not to over share, share things that are personal or may hurt other people.</p>	<p>The children learn: about safe and unsuitable sites/apps. e.g. PEGI rating. to talk to a trusted adult before sharing personal information online and using strong passwords. that the characters and people they interact with may be computer generated / including games. the differences between the Internet and the physical world. sending a message and why it is important to communicate in a polite manner. that login details and passwords should only be</p>	<p>The children learn: the SMART rules about using the internet safely and responsibly. what personal information is and what they shouldn't be sharing. they should pause before posting and consider the potential consequences. who they should seek help from about online concerns. the correct and sensible choice when presented with hypothetical scenarios. how to send and reply to online messages, such as email, respectfully and understand the difference</p>	<p>The children learn: the potential risks and ways they can protect themselves and friends from harm online. the safety features of websites and apps. e.g. block or report. they should report concerns to a trusted adult. the Internet is a great place to develop rewarding relationships. not to reveal private information to a person they know only online. that friends/followers profiles may not reflect the truth about their real lives. the term 'digital footprint' and that the information they put online leaves a</p>	<p>The children learn: to demonstrate and explain the importance of communicating kindly and respectfully. about the negative online behaviours such as bullying, trolling, grieving and harassment. about empathy and the effects of online bullying. anything they post online can be seen, re-shared, re-used and may have a negative effect on others. about the 'Digital 5 a Day' plan and that they need to have a balanced approach to their use of technology. what makes a secure username and password.</p>	<p>The children learn: the advice they should/would give friends about making good choices online. the consequences of making poor online choices. E.g. Online bullying, Inappropriate comments (racially or sexually orientated), uploading inappropriate material (adult / illegal / antisocial ), accessing inappropriate sites (anti-social or illegal behaviour / adult content) and breaching copyright laws. the way men and women can be stereotyped in movies and TV.</p>

<p>the ways that some people can be unkind online.</p> <p>about following sensible online rules.</p> <p>safe behaviours in their day to day world such as not talking to or meeting strangers and how this applies in the online world.</p> <p>what a username and password is and that they must keep them private.</p> <p>that online content such as video, images, websites and games are created and shared by people.</p> <p>that to use other peoples work without asking or giving credit is wrong.</p> <p>Activity; Y1.5 My Online Life</p>	<p>shared with trusted adults.</p> <p>that copyright is something that prevents people stealing other people’s work (content).</p> <p>what personal information is and that they need to talk to a trusted adult before sharing online.</p> <p>how some information may be inaccurate or untrue.</p> <p>to independently use a search engine, navigate a website, use favourites, bookmarks or typing the URL.</p> <p>that you can be connected to many people in your life (real life and online).</p> <p>to ensure a trusted adult is aware of who they are interacting with online.</p> <p>to explain some of the potential risks when posting something to the internet.</p>	<p>between online and face-toface.</p> <p>how to use the safety features of websites as well as reporting concerns to an adult they trust.</p> <p>what online bullying/ cyberbullying is and some of the forms it can take.</p> <p>how to report any concerns and who they consider a trusted adult.</p> <p>they need to have a balanced approach to their use of technology.</p> <p>to make good choices about how long they spend online.</p> <p>to recognise websites and games appropriate for their age. E.g. PEGI rating.</p> <p>online accounts need to be signed in to and why passwords should never be shared.</p> <p>what makes a secure password and why they are important.</p>	<p>digital footprint or “trail” which can be positive and negative.</p> <p>to search for their own name and usernames in Google to test their digital footprint.</p> <p>how they should act appropriately &amp; respectfully online.</p> <p>how to deal with online bullying.</p> <p>how photos can be altered digitally and the creative upsides of photo alteration, as well as its power to distort perceptions of beauty and health.</p> <p>why copyright laws exist and presenting others work as one’s own is called plagiarism.</p> <p>to use a copyright free image gallery, or they can change the search criteria.</p> <p>the positive and negative effects technology may have on their health.</p> <p>why they need to ask a trusted adult before</p>	<p>why people set up fake accounts or copy others identities.</p> <p>what an online identity or internet persona is, e.g. social identity in online communities and websites (Facebook, Instagram, YouTube etc) including photos and posts.</p> <p>how to avoid being tricked by scammers online. E.g. Phishing emails. The child can explain why an app may be free but have in-appurchasing and what that is.</p> <p>Activitiy; Y5.5 My Online Life</p>	<p>when to seek help from a trusted adult and not to try and deal with online situations on their own.</p> <p>how to block and report inappropriate comments or behaviour online.</p> <p>how to maintain healthy positive relationships with others while online.</p> <p>behaviours and strategies to prevent and stop online bullying. The child knows and can list the websites and agencies they can contact in case they need help.</p> <p>what steps they can take to create a ‘positive online image’ including defining acceptable and unacceptable online behaviour and the benefits this will have to them now and in the future.</p>
--	--	--	---	---	--

		<p>that once something is posted others can read the post and share it.</p> <p>Activity; Y2.5 My Online Life</p>	<p>how to use a password security checking tool.</p> <p>what represents an online identity E.g. images, username, information shared and digital footprint.</p> <p>to post positive comments online.</p> <p>Y3.5 My Online Life</p>	<p>downloading files and games from the Internet. E.g. virus.</p> <p>to choose a secure passwords.</p> <p>why using an avatar and online name is advisable.</p> <p>Activity; My Online Life</p>		<p>Activity Y6.5 My Online Life</p>
--	--	--	---	---	--	-------------------------------------